

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

MACHINE LEARNING METHODS IN NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

Course

Proposed by Discipline Year/Semester

Information and communication technology II/4, III/6

Type of studies Course offered in

Doctoral School English

Form of study Requirements

full-time elective

Number of hours

Lecture Tutorials Projects/seminars

4

Number of credit points

1

Lecturers

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

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Faculty of Computing and Telecommunications

Poznan University of Technology

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Prerequisites

Knowledge: very basic understanding of algorithms, ability to read and understand very simple blocks of computer pseudo-code, understanding of basic statistics.

Skills: ability to transfer knowledge between domains, and to apply learned patterns to different domains.

Social competencies: thinking outside the box to solve various problems using available textual resources.



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Course objective

The main aim of the course is to present the newest developments in the area of natural language processing (NLP) using algorithms and techniques of machine learning (ML). The majority of human knowledge is currently stored in the form of unstructured text. Abstracts, reviews, descriptions, posts, emails, tweets, all create a huge corpus of data which cannot be analyzed manually. Such textual corpora exist in almost all domains of science and technology. Computer methods for text analysis are collectively known as NLP. In the recent years we are witnessing a true revolution in NLP due to the development of machine learning methods designed specifically to tackle NLP challenges. During the lecture the students will learn basic NLP methods (tokenization, lemmatization, stemming), basic representation methods (one-hot encoding, TF-IDF), as well as methods based on neural networks (word and sentence vectors, transformer language models). We will discuss methods for sentiment analysis in text, named entity recognition, neural translation, sequence to sequence learning, and more.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge

A PhD student who graduated from doctoral school knows and understands:

- 1) current achievements in the combined fields of machine learning and natural language processing, they understand basic principles of algorithms used to extract useful knowledge from unstructured text, [P8S WG/SzD W01]
- 2) the current developmental trends in machine learning and natural language processing, and can identify research questions in their scientific domains that can be addressed using machine learning and natural language processing. [P8S WG/SzD W02]

Skills

A PhD student who graduated from doctoral school can:

- 1) has the knowledge of machine learning and natural language processing to collect new data and new insights in their respective scientific disciplines, [P8S UW/SzD U01]
- 2) design new distributed representations of data in their scientific disciplines using the paradigm of encoder-decoder neural network architecture. [P8S_UW/SzD_U03]

Social competences

A PhD student who graduated from doctoral school is ready to:

1) acknowledge the importance of natural language processing methods by designing a research question involving their own discipline that can be addressed using machine learning and natural language processing. [P8S_KK/SzD_K03]



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Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

PQF code	Methods for verification of learning outcomes	Assessment criteria	
W01, W02	Writing a short project description of how to use selected	Quality, size, and	
	NLP methods creatively to answer scientific questions	availability of text	
	relevant to student's own discipline	corpora proposed in the	
		project description	
U01, U03	Writing a short project description of how to use selected	Appropriateness of the	
	NLP methods creatively to answer scientific questions	proposed methods for	
	relevant to student's own discipline	defining semantic	
		similarity in the area of	
		student's discpline	
K03	Writing a short project description of how to use selected	Relevance of the	
	NLP methods creatively to answer scientific questions	proposed NLP method to	
	relevant to student's own discipline	the selected scientific	
		question in the area of	
		student's discipline	

Programme content

- 1. Natural Language Processing (Representation of text, Stemming, lemmatization, tokenization, Vector-space models of text).
- 2. Machine learning (Introduction to machine learning, Neural networks, Classification and clustering, Distance functions).
- 3. Distributed representations (Word vectors (word2vec, GloVe), Sentence vectors, Language models).
- 4. Advanced topics (Sentiment analysis, Named Entity Recognition, Neural Translation).

Teaching methods

Lecture: multimedia presentation including illustrations and examples.

Bibliography

Basic

1. Collobert, Ronan, et al. "Natural language processing (almost) from scratch." Journal of machine learning research 12. Aug (2011): 2493-2537.



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Additional

- 1. Mikolov, Tomas, et al. "Distributed representations of words and phrases and their compositionality." Advances in neural information processing systems. 2013.
- 2. Le, Quoc, and Tomas Mikolov. "Distributed representations of sentences and documents." International conference on machine learning. 2014.
- 3. Bengio, Yoshua, et al. "A neural probabilistic language model." Journal of machine learning research 3.Feb (2003): 1137-1155.

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	25	1,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	4	0,2
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for tutorials, project preparation, consultations with the teacher) ¹	21	0,8

4

¹ delete or add other activities as appropriate